(b) Does not arise.

(c) There is a permanent drain provided from calandria vault to a leakage collection tank from where water is pumped into drums. Sealed drums are sent to the upgrading plant within the plant premises for purification. Heavy water is not thrown away but re-used.

States which utilized the funds allotted to them under five year plans

417. SHRI M. VINCENT: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) the States which have properly utilised the funds allotted to them under the last four Five Year Plans;

(b) the names of the States who have surrendered part of their allotted funds and the period of the Plan under which they surrendered: and

(c) whether Government are taking steps in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND THE MINISTER OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI MADHAVSINH SOLANKI): (a) A Statement indicating outlay/expenditure under the previous four Five-Year Plans of States is enclosed. (*See* Appendix CXLVIII, Annexure No. 24). It would be seen from this Statement that expenditure during these plans has generally been either equal to or has exceeded the outlay, barring marginal shortfall in some cases.

(b) and (c) In the case of most of the States, plans are funded by supplementing their own resources with Central Assistance which is provided largely under the Gadgil formula based on incidence of population, backwardness, tax effort etc. Central Assistance is provided on the condition that the expenditure should not be less than the total approved outlay as also the outlays earmarked in specified sectors. Progress of expenditure against approved outlays is reviewed regularly and reasons for variation gone into during Annual Plan discussions with various States. States sometime propose modifications in outlays and the outlays may be modified on consideration of the justification offered. Adjustment in Central Assistance is made only if the finally approved outlays are not adhered to.

Appointment of grade 'A' and 'B' officers of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service

418. SHRI MOHD. KHALEELUR RAHMAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of officers of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service who have been appointed to Grade 'A' and 'B' of the service since 1970;

(b) the number of such officers who have already been appointed/considered for appointment on ad hoc basis or on regular basis in the newly created post of Private Secretary (Staff Officer) of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service in the pay scale of Rs. 3000—4500;

(c) the number of Private Secretaries are due for consideration for appointment to the Grade A of the Central Secretariat Service; and

(d) what are the reasons for continuing the appointment of C.S.S.S. officers in the Grade A of CSS despite the fact that adequate promotion avenues have been provided to them in their own cadre by creating posts of Private Secretaries (Staff Officers) in the scale of Rs. 3000—4500 which is equivalent to Grade A of CSS?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) The erstwhile Gr. 'A' & 'B' of CSSS (now merged into one Grade) are decentralised Grades controlled by the respective ministries and departments. The information regarding number of officers appointed since 1970 is not maintained centrally.

(b) Pending finalisation of Recruitment Rules for the new Grade of Private Secretary, ministries/departments have been

advised to make ad hoc appointments of eligible officers. There are about 90 posts in the new Private Secretaries Grade in CSSS.

(c) and (d) The CSS Rules provide that Grade 'A' stenographers who fulfill the eligibility criteria shall be considered for appointment to Grade I (Under Secretary) of CSS provided they are within the zone of consideration. There has been no change to these statutory rules as yet. Accordingly Grade 'A' Stenographers continue to be considered for promotion to Grade I of CSS.

परमाणु विद्युत संयंत्रों की सुरक्षा

439. **श्री अजीत जोगी** : क्या **प्रधान मंत्री** यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या तारापुर परमाणु ऊर्जा विद्युत संयंत्र में जिला प्रशासन और उक्त संयंत्र के प्राधिकारियों द्वारा किसी आपात-कालीन बचाव कार्य का अभ्यास किया गया है जिससे आसपास के क्षेत्रों में भय का वातावरण व्याप्त हो गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो ऐसा अभ्यास करने के क्या कारण हैं तथा उनके ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ग) क्या देश में सभी परमाणु विद्युत संयंत्र पूर्णतः सुरक्षित है तथा सोवियत संघ चरनोबिल में जैसी दुर्घटना हुई, उनमें वैसी दुर्घटना होने की कोई संभावना नहीं है ?

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री तथा महासागर विकास, परमाणु ऊर्जा, इलेक्ट्रानिकी और अंतरिक्ष विभागों में राज्य मंत्री (श्री के०आर० नारायणन) : (क) जिला प्राधिकारियों तथा तारापुर परमाणु बिजली घर के अधिकारियों द्वारा तारापुर परमाणु बिजली घर में 8 अक्तूबर, 1988 को आपात स्थिति में तैयार रहने की योजनाओं का अभ्यास किया गया था।

(ख) अधिक से अधिक संरक्षा सुनिश्चित करने के उद्देश्य से परमाणु बिजलीघर के लिए आपात स्थिति में तैयार रहने की योजनाएं बनाई गई हैं जिसके लिए जिला स्तर, राज्य स्तर तथा परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग की विभिन्न एजेंसियों के बीच अधिकतम समन्वय होना आवश्यक है। अभ्यास करने का उद्देश्य काम में लाई जाने वाली योजनाओं के प्रभाव की जांच करना तथा उनमें सुधार करना था।

(ग) जी, हां।

Manufacturing of Polio and allied vaccines

420. SHRI VISHWASRAO RAMRAO PATIL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have sanctioned two projects for the manufacture of polio and allied vaccines at Bulandshaher (UP) with Russian know-how costing about Rs. 40—50 crores and production of polio vaccine and other biological products at Gurgaon (Haryana) with French collaboration (Institute Merieux) Project costing about Rs. 90—100 crores;

(b) whether it is also a fact that there was a scheme to manufacture polio and allied vaccines at "Haffkins" (Pimpri, Pune) with Russian collaboration and with financial aid from World Bank and the Central Government during the Seventh Five Year Plan: and

(c) if the answer to parts (a) and (b) above be in the affirmative, what are the main differences in these projects?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) No, Sir. A project for the manufacture of 100m doses annually of oral polio vaccine in cooperation with USSR and a project for the manufacture of viral vaccines with